

Surviving a Mock Disaster Building an effective Tabletop Exercise

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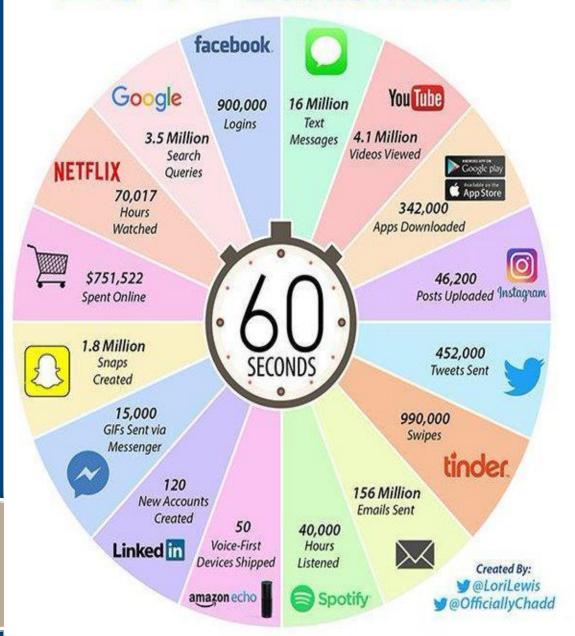


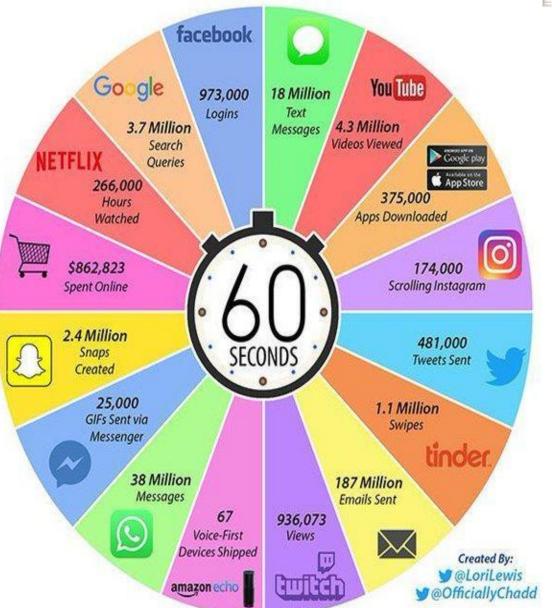


2017 This Is What Happens In An Internet Minute

2018 This Is What Happens In An Internet Minute







Objectives

- Identify the major components for BCP/DR.
- Understand the types of Testing.
- What is a Script versus a Scenario?
- Why is a timeline script important?
- Ties to Incident Response.











FIPCO

Business Continuity Cycle



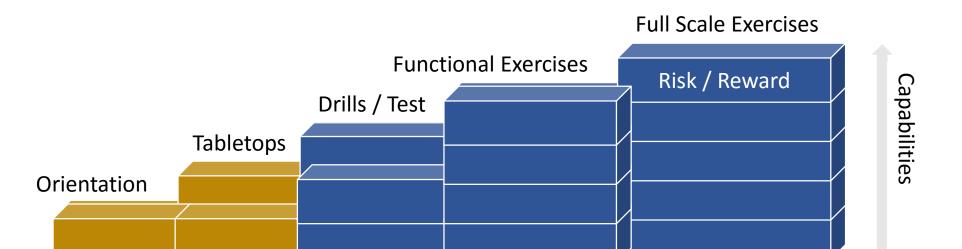
Critical Business Activities Resumed







Ongoing Multi-Year Testing



Planning / Training / Maturity



Operations Based







Types of Tests

Exercise Type	Description A seminar and/or briefing activity used to familiarize participants with BCM responsibilities Coordinated, supervised activity normally used to test, develop, or maintain skills in a single operation or function in a single office or organization Simulates emergency situation in an informal, stress-free environment; designed to elicit constructive scenario-based discussions for an examination of the existing BCM plan and individual state of training and preparedness		
Orientation			
Test or Functional Drill			
Tabletop Exercise			
Functional Exercise Combination Test	Used to validate the capability of an organization to respond to a simulated emergency, in order to test one or more functions of the plan		
Full Scale Exercise ALL OUT TEST	Simulates an actual emergency; intended to evaluate operational BCM procedures and capabilities under simulated stressful conditions		







Defining Roles and responsibilities

Position	Roles and Responsibilities		
DR/BCP Coordinator / Information Security Officer	 Coordinate schedule / Exercise facilitator 		
Management Team	 Provide guidance and approval of Exercise Plan 		
IT – Manager / Network Admin	 Coordinate IT Recovery Plans Plan and conduct IT Tests Support BCP Coordinator in Development and exercising 		
Participants (all employees, DR/BCP Team, Business Area Managers/SME)	 Member of recovery team Familiar with Plan Know assignments Perform specific business duties 		





Functional and Full Scale Tests

- IT Recovery test restore of technology, (i.e. data, network)
- Going offsite to a backup location tests recovery site preparedness, communications and utilities
- Trained and informed personnel are typically performing recovery steps
- Transaction testing verifies restore, connectivity and access using a person that knows the business process
- Community resources may be involved

What verifies the completeness of the Plan?









Why Tabletop Exercises?

Provide a forum for the following:

- Team Building
- Validate the Plan Documentation
- Information Collection and Sharing
- Obtain consensus from team
- Evaluation of Differing Perspectives
- Practice makes Easier





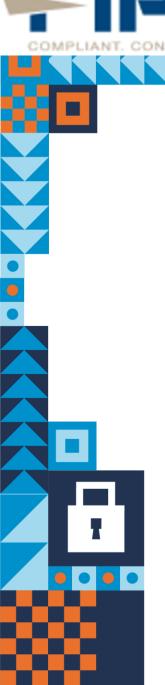


Why Tabletop Exercises?

Provide a forum for the following:

- Check that functional testing occurs
- Problem solving of complex issues
- Test considerations for new situations, ideas, processes and/or procedures
- Training/Awareness for management and staff







Goals and Objectives –
What will success look like?
(SMART)

- <u>Simple</u> (concise)
- Measurable (how to document)
- Achievable (can this be done)
- Realistic (and challenging) (can it happen)
- <u>Task Oriented</u> (fits to business functions)





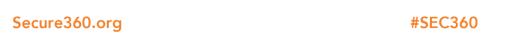




Scope:

- Exercise Activities
- Departments Involved
- Hazard Type of Threat Source
- Geographic or outage Impact Area
- Staff Impacted
- Facilities Impacted









Building a Script from a Scenario

Threat Risk Asmt

- Choosing a Threat to Test
 - Vulnerability Threat Assessment
- Start with simple basic scenarios basic Fire minimal damage

Note: For example tornado incidents in the Midwest increased awareness of their threat risk.

The state may provide ongoing tasks of planning, preparing, and training for Tornado preparedness.







Threat Risk Assessment

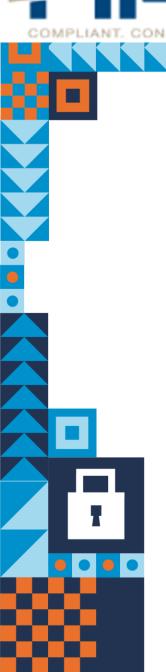
Threat-Description¤	High¤ Medium¤	High¤ Medium¤	High¤ Medium¤	Risk- Rating¤
	Low∙¤	Low∙¤	Low∙¤	3
	°¤	۵Å	۵¤	3
Accidental·explosion — off-site¤	۵¤	۵¤	۵¤	°¤ }
Accidental·explosion—on-site¤	۵¤	٥¤	۵¤	°¤ }
Aircraft⋅crash¤	۵¤	٥Å	۵¤	°¤ }
Ancillary-equipment-failure¤	۵Å	۵¤	٥Å	°¤ }
Arson¤	۵¤	٥Å	۵¤	°¤ }
Bomb·threat¤	۳	°¤	۵¤	۶ پ
Bombing¤	۵¤	°¤	۵¤	°¤ }
Central·computer·equipment·				3
failure¤	۵¤	۵¤	۵¤	°¤
Computer·Intruder¤	۵¤	°¤	۵¤	°¤)



Using a Scenario and Building a Script

- As your DR/BC matures make scripts more complex - increase maturity, add advanced "INJECTS"
- Consider the unexpected not could it happen, but what if it did.
- Don't share the scenario before the exercise
- Does the DR/BCP Team always know when a tabletop will occur?



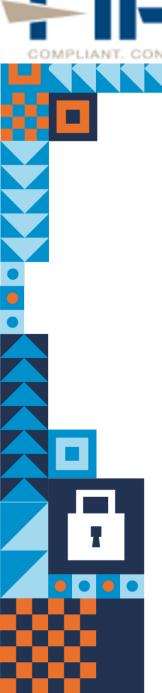




Building on a Scenario

- How quickly can you pull together key Business Team Members?
- How quickly can all key individuals be contacted and mobilized to the alternate location?
- Do you test the involvement of any outside parties? (i.e. law enforcement, safety, utilities, telephone, ISP







Objectives of Exercise

Tabletop Exercise Program Objectives

- To improve operational readiness by demonstrating knowledge of the DR/BCP Plan overall
- To improve Company-wide coordination and response capabilities for effective disaster response
- To identify communication pathways and problem areas between IT, outside entities (utilities, media) business areas, regional and state emergency operations centers
- To establish timely response for safety, recovery and restore to normal operation.











Tips for an Effective Tabletop

- Decide how much gloom and doom you want.
 - Do you want this to be a physical event with assets damaged and destroyed,
 - Do you just want things inaccessible?
 - Do you want death and injuries, or just to test the ability to get work up and going someplace else?
 - Do you test unavailable key people?
 - How long will your downtime duration be?







Conducting the Exercise

- Set the Ground Rules
 - Silence Cell Phones
 - Establish timelines Maximum 4 Hours breaks, lunch etc..
 - Has Internal Audit been invited?
 - Who leads the exercise?
 - Can they facilitate and participate.
 - Consider issues that need to be tabled for later discussion







Conducting the Exercise

- Set the Ground Rules (cont...)
 - Accept the Scenario as Real
 - Stay in the Scenario stay in the mindset that the disaster is really occurring
 - Who will take notes record issues / follow-up
 - Consider taping the exercise on an audio recorder







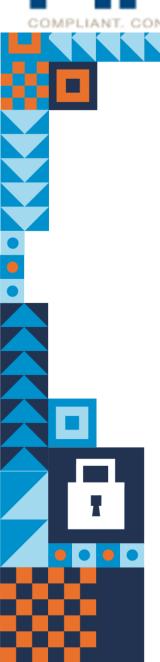




Exercise - Evaluate - Update

- Planned Test scheduled in advance
 - Attendance by all BCP Team required
 - Team is aware of test scenario
- Document Team Member Attendance
- Confirm that all Team Members have their own up-to-date copy of the plan
- The BC/DR coordinator confirms updates are in the plan.







Exercise – Evaluate - Update

- Review policies and procedures
- Discuss business area changes since last updates – detail continuity procedures
- Confirm accuracy of phone numbers
- Verify Secure and accessible storage of plan (at home)
- Executive summary of the test and discussion results











TIP

Experience has shown that well planned and interesting exercises yield a high level of preparedness with personnel who are able to better cope with the stressful environment of an actual emergency.







Resources

- NIST SP800-84 Guide to Test, Training, and Exercise Programs for IT Plans and Capabilities (google it)
- Homeland Security Exercise and Evaluation Program (HSEEP) hseep.dhs.gov, FEMA: www.ready.gov/
- National Incident Management System (NIMS: https://www.fema.gov/national-incident-management-system
- Emergency Management for Your State emergencymanagement.wi.gov/
- CSOonline Business Continuity, https://www.csoonline.com/resources/
- FIPCO, www.fipco.com/itservices







If Time Allows, if not:

https://www.fipco.com/solutions/it-audit-security/cyber-security-resources-links



FIRE

CLICK HERE **STORM**

CLICK HERE

Cyber Incident





